Vitamin D

The best sources and Top Tips

•Wild Salmon (100g, cooked): ~10-12 µg of vitamin

•Farmed Salmon (100g, cooked): ~2.5-5 μg of vitamin D

Wild salmon is a richer source of vitamin D compared to farmed salmon due to differences in diet and habitat. However, both are excellent sources of this vital nutrient.

Cooking Tips For preserving Vitamin contnet in Salmon

Preparation Tips

- •Choose Wild Over Farmed: When possible, opt for wild salmon, which has significantly higher vitamin D content.
- •Keep the Skin On: Salmon skin contains additional nutrients and can help retain moisture during cooking, preserving vitamin D.
- •Avoid Overcooking: Salmon should be cooked until it's just opaque and flakes easily. Overcooking can degrade vitamin D.

Pair with Complementary Foods

Boost the health benefits of salmon by pairing it with:

- •Leafy Greens (e.g., Spinach, Kale): Rich in calcium and magnesium, which work synergistically with vitamin D for bone health.
 - •Healthy Fats (e.g., Olive Oil, Avocado): Aid in the absorption of fat-soluble vitamin D.
 - •Citrus-Based Dressings: Add flavour and a vitamin C boost to your meal.

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Best Cooking Methods to Retain Vitamin D in Salmon

Vitamin D is relatively stable during cooking but can still be lost if exposed to high heat for prolonged periods. Here are some tips:

Baking: Baking salmon at a moderate temperature (around 175°C/350°F) helps retain most of its vitamin D content while enhancing flavour.

Grilling: Grilling at a controlled temperature is another effective method. Avoid overcooking, as prolonged high heat can reduce nutrient levels.

> Poaching: Cooking salmon in water or broth at a low temperature helps retain vitamin D and keeps the fish moist.

> > Avoid Frying: Frying at high temperatures can cause vitamin D loss and add unhealthy fats.

ADDITIONAL TIPS

Store Properly: Keep salmon refrigerated or frozen to preserve its nutrients.

Opt for Fresh or Frozen: Canned salmon is convenient but may have slightly lower vitamin D levels. Choose fresh or frozen for maximum benefits.

Enjoy Regularly: Incorporate salmon into your diet 1-2 times per week to maintain healthy vitamin D levels.

> By baking or poaching wild salmon with its skin on and pairing it with nutrient-rich sides, you can maximize its vitamin D content while enjoying a delicious and healthful meal!